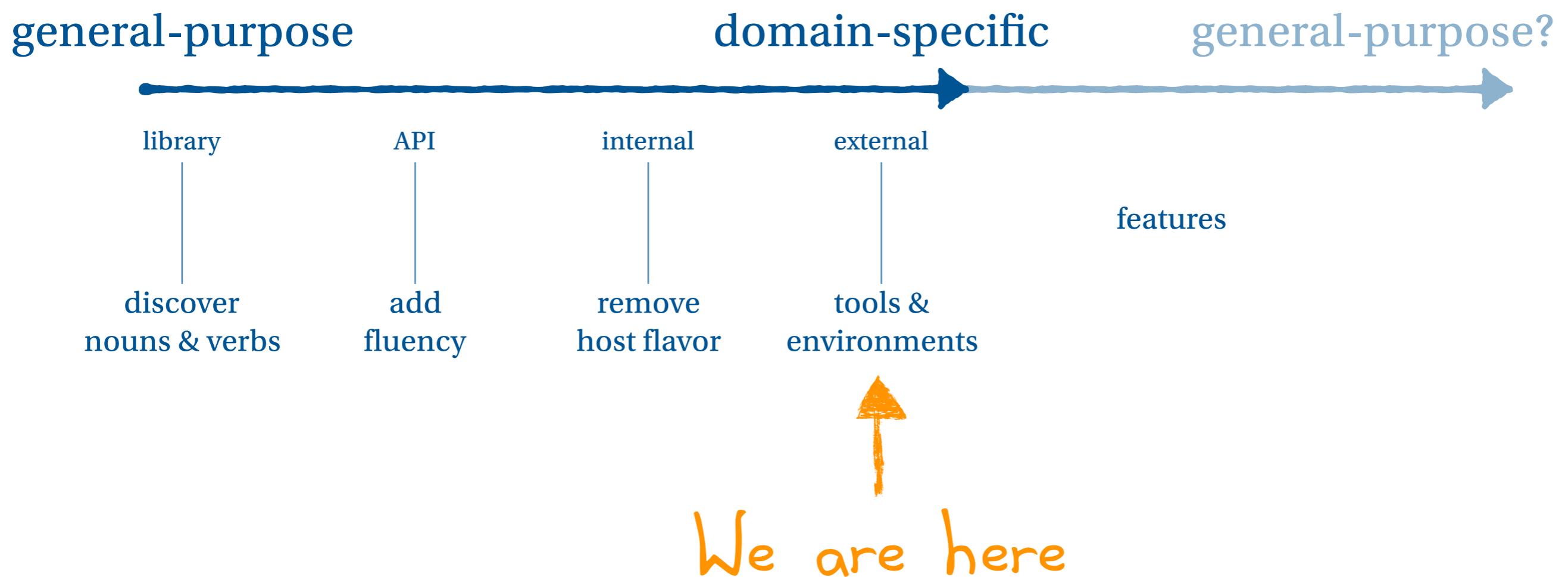


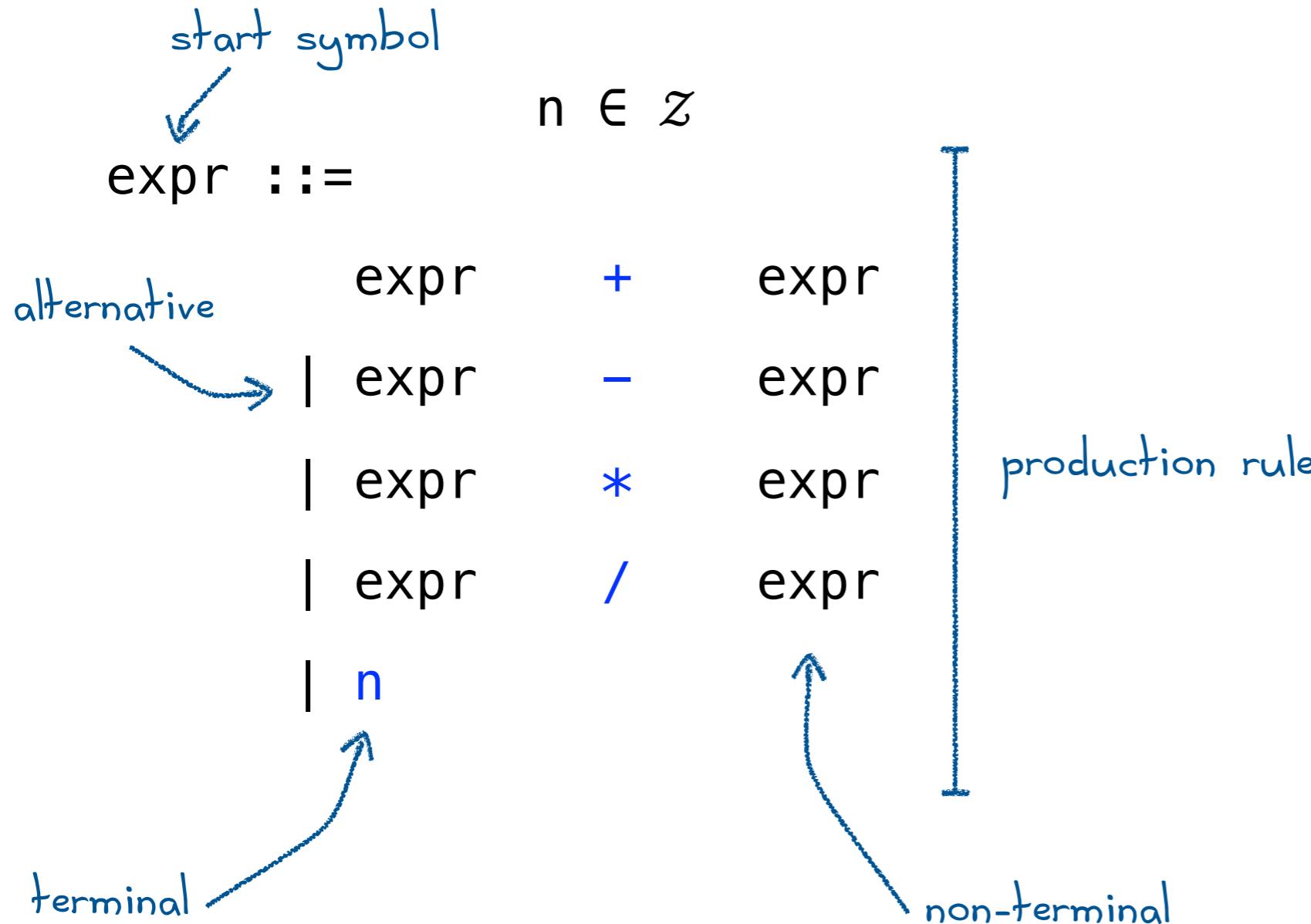
# Parsing & Language Architecture

# The evolution of a DSL?



# Grammars

A notation for defining all the syntactically valid programs of a language. (Whitespace usually ignored.)



# Abstract syntax

Describes the intermediate representation, i.e., the abstract syntax tree. An inductive data structure.

$$n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

`expr ::=`

<code>expr</code>	<code>+</code>	<code>expr</code>
<code>  expr</code>	<code>-</code>	<code>expr</code>
<code>  expr</code>	<code>*</code>	<code>expr</code>
<code>  expr</code>	<code>/</code>	<code>expr</code>
<code>  n</code>		

**abstract class Expr**

**case class Plus(left: Expr, right: Expr) extends Expr**

**case class Sub(left: Expr, right: Expr) extends Expr**

**case class Mult(left: Expr, right: Expr) extends Expr**

**case class Div(left: Expr, right: Expr) extends Expr**

**case class Num(n: Int)**

**extends Expr**

# Grammars (Is this a DSL?)

A notation for defining all the syntactically valid programs of a language. (Whitespace usually ignored.)

```
expr ::=  
        expr      +      expr  
        | expr      -      expr  
        | expr      *      expr  
        | expr      /      expr  
        | n
```

# Parser combinators

An internal DSL for recursive-descent parsers

```
import scala.util.parsing.combinator._

object Parser extends JavaTokenParsers {

    def expr: Parser[String] =  

        (    expr ~ "+" ~ expr  

            | expr ~ "-" ~ expr  

            | expr ~ "*" ~ expr  

            | expr ~ "/" ~ expr  

            | wholeNumber )  

}
```

Warning: left-recursion

build.sbt

```
libraryDependencies += "org.scala-lang.modules" %% "scala-parser-combinators" % "1.0.4"
```

# Packrat parsing

Allows left-recursion. Recursive-descent parsing with backtracking.

```
import scala.util.parsing.combinator._

object Parser extends JavaTokenParsers with PackratParsers {

  lazy val expr: PackratParser[String] =  

    (   expr ~ "+" ~ expr  

     | expr ~ "-" ~ expr  

     | expr ~ "*" ~ expr  

     | expr ~ "/" ~ expr  

     | wholeNumber )  

}  
}
```

Warning: associativity / precedence

build.sbt

```
libraryDependencies += "org.scala-lang.modules" %% "scala-parser-combinators" % "1.0.4"
```

# Actions: transform strings to IR

```
import scala.util.parsing.combinator._

object Parser extends JavaTokenParsers with PackratParsers {

  lazy val expr: PackratParser[String] =  

    (   expr ~ "+" ~ expr  

     | expr ~ "-" ~ expr  

     | expr ~ "*" ~ expr  

     | expr ~ "/" ~ expr  

     | wholeNumber )  

}  
}
```

Warning: associativity / precedence

build.sbt

```
libraryDependencies += "org.scala-lang.modules" %% "scala-parser-combinators" % "1.0.4"
```

# Actions: transform strings to IR

```
import scala.util.parsing.combinator._

object Parser extends JavaTokenParsers with PackratParsers {

  lazy val expr: PackratParser[Expr] =  
    (  expr ~ "+" ~ expr ^^ {case l~":"+”~r => Plus(l,r)}  
     | expr ~ "-" ~ expr ^^ {case l~":"-”~r => Minus(l,r)}  
     | expr ~ "*" ~ expr ^^ {case l~":"*”~r => Times(l,r)}  
     | expr ~ "/" ~ expr ^^ {case l~":"/”~r => Divide(l,r)}  
     | wholeNumber          ^^ {s => Num(s.toInt)} )  
  }  
}
```

Warning: associativity / precedence

build.sbt

```
libraryDependencies += "org.scala-lang.modules" %% "scala-parser-combinators" % "1.0.4"
```

# An ambiguous grammar

Precedence: If an expression has two *different* operations, which should be applied first?

$n \in \mathcal{Z}$

expr ::=

	expr	+	expr
	expr	-	expr
	expr	*	expr
	expr	/	expr
	n		

# A less ambiguous grammar

The “lower-down” the operation is in the grammar, the higher its precedence.

$n \in \mathbb{Z}$

**expr ::=**

expr	<b>+</b>	term	<b>sealed abstract class Expr</b>
expr	<b>-</b>	term	<b>case class Plus(left: Expr, right: Expr) extends Expr</b>
term			<b>case class Sub(left: Expr, right: Expr) extends Expr</b>

**term ::=**

term	<b>*</b>	fact	<b>case class Mult(left: Expr, right: Expr) extends Expr</b>
term	<b>/</b>	fact	<b>case class Div(left: Expr, right: Expr) extends Expr</b>
fact			<b>case class Num(n: Int) extends Expr</b>

**fact ::=**

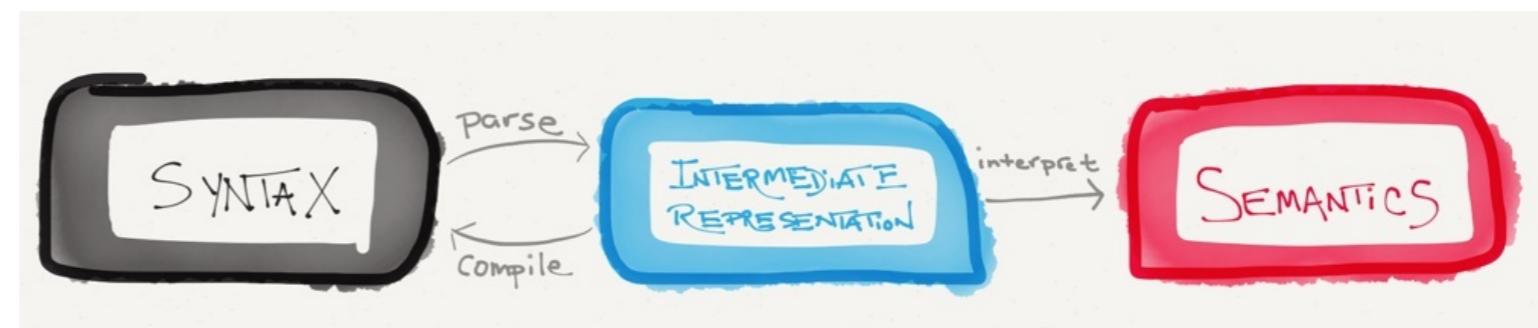
**n** | ( expr )

# A Scala architecture for languages

```
Calculator Lab [external-lab-orig master]
src/main/scala
  calculator
    calc.scala
  calculator.ir
    AST.scala
    sugar.scala
  calculator.parser
    Parser.scala
  calculator.semantics
    Interpreter.scala
src/test/scala
  calculator.parser
    ParserCheck.scala
  calculator.semantics
    SemanticsCheck.scala
```

## Read-Eval-Print-Loop (REPL)

```
libraryDependencies += "org.scala-lang" % "scala-compiler" % scalaVersion.value
```



parser  
combinators

case  
classes

functions &  
pattern matching

## tests

```
libraryDependencies += "org.scalacheck" %% "scalacheck" % "1.13.0" % "test"  
libraryDependencies += "org.scalatest" %% "scalatest" % "2.2.6" % "test"
```